## A ROARING TIME.

(Continued from page 1.)

equelching him," shouted Mr. Meredith, but General Sickles stood firm and unflinchingly in the face of the storm. He wanted to know if he was under arrest, whether he had a right to vote.

"Has be any rights at all?" asked Mr. Wilson of Washington.

The chair directed the rule to be read following which Mr. Sickles appealed to the house to be allowed to make a statement and Mr. Post, republican of Illinois, moved that he be allowed to explain.

Mr. Springer insisted that Mr. Sickles should take his seat.

"Don't do that," shouted Mr. Wilson of Washington, "don't you see he is a cripple. Don't make him sit down and to Kansas. get up. You can bob up at any time." [Laughter].

A moment later, while the chair was attempting to quell the impending riot, Mr. Cummings rose in his place and with uplifted arm and ringing voice, called out: "You did not call him to order at Gettyaburg." [Applause]

During all this time, Mr. Dockery had been counting the house and at this point he announced the demand for the previous question had been carried, 97-0.

#### Calls Them Anarchists.

this afternoon denounced the New York He was several times called to order by Representative Coombs, of New York, another uproar.

Mr. Bland's speech was sensational in its criticism of the disorder which reigned in the house yesterday. He declared that the men who are obstructing legislation and defying the house were anarchists and revolutionists. They were worse than the criminal who would interest of the entire national body of throw dynamite bombs from the galleries.

There were hisses at this statement, which grew louder and louder, and oulminsted in ories of "shame." Mr. Bland proceeded in his impassioned utterance. He said mobocracy had taken possession of the house. The mob is of anarchy, and should be given an object lesson. The anarchist was being invited to parade the streets and commit his deeds

Mr. Bland proceeded with frequent characterizations of those members who had obstructed legislation as "anarchists," "revolutionists."

As Mr. Bland spoke there were alternate scenes of extreme confusion and silent astonishment. Seldom, or never, in the memory of veteran members, had auch violent characterization of the house been heard. Mr. Bland was frequently called to order and he was compelled to take his seat and then allowed to proceed in order.

While he spoke the aisles of the house were choked with members, and the galleries were filled to overflowing. Mr. Bland was frequently applauded in his ne, but their was sileno at his more violent utterances.

Kansas the Topic. Washington Correspondence.

The house of representatives is dead locked in the embrace of the Bland coinage bill. The senate is awaiting the tariff bill. The country is struggling

along under a burden of anxiety, poverty and distress.

Lawyer Peckham failed to secure a ment on the supreme bench, and ease for his declining year, though Senator Martin geenerously gave his vote to that

vention has just closed its twenty-sixth annual convention. The interest and the high character of these gatherings of America's grandest and noblest women increases every year. The next convention will be held at Atlanta, Ga. The southern delegates reported much sentiment favorable to woman's enfranchisement all through their section of the country. All that is needed is organization to crystalize this sentiment and to bring the south into line with the north on this great question of justice and right. One evening of the convention was given to rejoicing over Colorado. Representatives Bell and Pence, and Senators Teller and Carey were present and spoke. On the last evening of the convention special attention was given

All of our Kansas congressmen were invited to be present. Sanator Poffer, Representatives Broderick, Davis and Simpson responded to the invitation. The remainder of our congressmen received their invitations too late to cancel previous engagements. Those who were present made appropriate remarks in response to Susan B. Anthony's quaint introductions. We were all proud of the appearance and speeches of our Kansas men.

We were granted a hearing by both the house and the senate committee, of Washington, February 23 .- Mr. Bland which strong and eloquent speeches were made by the members of the condelegation in heated words in the house. vention. I spoke briefly before the senate committee and then called upon Representative John Davis to speak and the house in consequence is in further from the Kansas standpoint. Mr. Davis made a fine, logical speech and demonstrated, by his interest in our cause, the fact that public sentiment in Kansas is favorable to the enfranchisement of Kansas women.

> Kansas was the dominant, topic during the whole of the convention. The workers and believers is centered on our state, and will continue until we shall have our victory next November.

> > ANNIE L. DIGGS.

## NOTES AND COMMENT.

Prendergast, the assassin of Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, is sentenced to be hanged March 23.

Galusha A. Grow was elected congressman-at-large in Pennsylvania on the 21th. His majority is about 185,000, and it is looked upon as a rebuke to the tariff tinkerers. Protection is a religious principle with the average Pennsylvan-

Here is cruelty to animals. Fifty-one of the imported miners convicted of rioting near Pittaburg were sent to prison on Friday, and their families left to the mercy of charitably disposed people. They are Polish, Hungarian, French and

Senator Martin read Washington's farwell address in the senate chamber on Washington's birthday, while most of the senators went out to get a lunch or to "see a man." The custom of reading the address on this holiday was established three years ago, and Senator Ingalls was the first to officiate as "reader."

At Lansing, the capital of Michigan, a grand jury has indicted the attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer and land commissioner, together with several clerks, charging them all with participating in frauds in counting the election returns on an amendment to increase state officers' salaries. Such corruption carries the memory back to the early republican days of Kansas.

There seems to be about sixteen woman suffragists in the United States The National Woman Suffrage con- senate, including the three Populists



REDEEMING KANSAS

UNCLE-Your dicked ish all righd, but you got more dan dickeds ven you pud your pledge in hock.

Peffer, Allen and Kyle. The others are all republicans, counting Senator Stewart a republican, Fifteen of them voted for Peffer's amendment to strike out the word "male" from the Oklahoma stection bill, and Senstor Wolcott, who of protection and Sherman prosperity. is a suffiragist, was absent. It looks as if democratic statesmen hate women.

President A. J. Warner, of the American Bimetallic league, while in Denver last week, said: "The National Bimetallic league will take an active part in the next campaign, and it is our hope to send a free silver majority to the next con grees. The fact that the repeal of the Sherman law did not bring better times has opened the eyes of the people in the east on the financial question. The bond issue need not and will not stand saids for it,"

Five thousand unemployed men, the press report describes them as "hungry, ragged and ugly," assembled on Boston Common February 20, and the police were called out to prevent a riot. There was no danger of that, however, as the men were only assembled to demand of the governor and legislature, which was in session, some means of relief from their suffering. The house of representatives at first refused to receive their committee, but fearing trouble they

finally did so, and appointed a committee on relief. Governor Greenhalge addressed the crowd in a haughty manner and gave them no encouragement. Thus blassic Boston gets a taste of the effects

Erastus Wiman, who is a subject of Great Britain, and one of the largest stockholders in the firm of R. G. Dun & Co., has gotten himself into considerable trouble. As business manager of "Dun's Agency" he has given us about all the "prosperity" the country has been able to secure from the repeal of the Sherman law. This has been in the famous headlines to their weekly reports. But this is not the specific charge for which Mr. Wiman is in "limbo." He has manissue will help people out only in a slight aged to secure something over \$250,000 degree and temporarily. The tariff is-dividends. For this comparatively in-sue will no doubt play an important part prison and will be obliged to explain, or forfeit \$25,000 bail. He is also the author of a book on "How to Win Success," but this seems not to have been taken into account in the charges against him.

# IS THE TIME

To get up a club of ADVOCATE subscribers. We can't always give the special rates we are offering now. Send for club terms.